

The Daily Courant.

Tuesday, March 26. 1706.

London, March 26.

On Sunday Night late, arriv'd 3 Mails from Holland: The Letters were given out Yesterday Morning, and the frehest are dated on Tuesday last.

From the Paris Gazette, dated March 20.

Madrid, March 3.

THE King pursues his Journey with as much Expedition as is possible, having for that Purpose taken no more Officers with him than are necessary to attend him. The Lords that accompany his Catholick Majesty, are the Duke of Medina Sidonia, the Count of Benavente, the Duke of Gandia, the Marquis of Jamaica, the Duke of Ossuna, Prince Tſerclaes, the Count of Aguilar, the Marquis of Laconi, the Count of Bannos, some Ministers, and Don J. ſeph de Grimaldo as Secretary of the Dispatches. Most of the Catalonian Gentlemen that quitted their Province ſince the Revolt, follow his Maſteſty likewife. Before his Departure, the King made Don Juan de Herrera great Chancellor of Milan: His Maſteſty likewiſe made the Marquis de la Monelova and the Duke de Popoli Grandees; and that Honour is to descend to their Heirs; the Marquis de Majorda a Gentleman of his Bed-Chamber; Don Gaspar Giron a Major-domo of his Houſhold; and the Marquis de Palacios a Major-domo of the Queen's Houſhold. Don Antonio Ybannes de Bustamente is nominated to officiate as Secretary of the Dispatches at this Court. We are inform'd by ſeveral Letters from Catalonia, that the Conternation was great in Barcelona, when the News came thither that the Duke of Noailles having advanc'd from Perpignan with a conſiderable Body of Troops, had poffeſſ'd himſelf of the important Poſt of Bascara, after having defeated the English Troops and Catalonian Militia that had endeavour'd to ſtop his march, and that he had reduc'd Toroella to the King's Obedience, as also the reſt of the Lam-pourdan, from the Pyrenees to the River Ter. That the Enemy were much ſurpriz'd, to hear that a great Body of French Troops was coming to joyn the Marshal de Thelle's Army with a numerouſ Train of Artillery. That the Barcelonians complain'd of my Lord Peterborough's diſfurniſhing their City of the English and Dutch Troops, to march with Part of them to Valencia, having leſt but a very few with the Archduke, and diſtributed others into Lerida and Gitone. The Catalonian Rebels, among others Don Miguel de Pinos Collonel of the Deputation of Catalonia, and Don Jayme de Cordelles Collonel of the City, have uſ'd all poſſible Efforts to raiſe 2 Regiments; but in 2 Months they have hardly levied 200 Men, the Miquelets who only ſeek to plunder, refuſing on any Terms to engage themſelves to ſerve in regular Troops. The King's Forces have poffeſſ'd themſelves of the Town of Benavari, in which was one Grau, a Person that styles himſelf the Archduke's Plenipotentiary, and who narrowly eſcap'd with ſome of his Followers, having broken down the Bridge of the Noguera Ribagorzana. He afterwards abandon'd Temp, whither he had retir'd, having eſcap'd the Fury of thofe whom by ſtrange vexatious Uſage he had provok'd, and who pillag'd his Houſe and kill'd his 2 Daughters. Several Places of the Viguere of Balaguer, have ſince ſubmitted without the leaſt Reſiſtance, and 4 Companies are left in that District, with other Troops, to guard the Bridge of Montannana. Circular Letters are ſent to divers Places of the County of Ribagorza, and to Venasque, to affure all thoſe who will ſubmit, of the King's Mercy, and take off the Impreſſion the

Enemy had made upon them, by making them believe his Maſteſty had order'd there ſhould no Quarter be given them. The Experience of his Maſteſty's Clemency which thoſe of the Lampourdan that have ſubmitted have had, has begun not only to quiet Peoples Minds, but has induc'd them to offer to raiſe 60 Companies of Foot to ſerve at their Expence. We have an Account, that above 50 Persons of the best Fashion in Valencia, are come out of it to retire into Caſtile, and report that there were great Disorders in that City, occaſion'd by the Infolence of the foreign Soldiers, of whom ſome had been kill'd by the Inhabitants. They add, that Baffei's Secre-tary was put under Confinement for ſeveral Extortions, and to make him give an Account of the Sums he had extorted. Letters from Arragon import, that the Marshal de Thelle had cauſ'd a Bridge to be made at Caſpe, and given order for another to be made at Mequinenza. It was reported in Arragon, that the Earl of Peterborough was come out of Valencia with 200 Horse, with design ('twas believ'd) to return to Barcelona. Letters from Murcia of the 23d of February advise, that a Detachment of the Bishop of Murcia's Army had totally defeated a Party of between 7 or 800 Rebels, moſt of whom were kill'd, and 114 taken Prisoners and ſent to Cartage-na: That thoſe few that eſcap'd retir'd to the Hills, and that this Advantage had been attended by the Submission of ſeveral Places, among others of Moxent a strong Town within 4 Leagues of Xativa. The Troops of Orihuela, being increas'd to 4000 Men commanded by the Marquis de Rafal, were on the march to joyn thoſe of the Bishop of Murcia. The Inquisitor Toro has alſo drawn together 3000 Foot and 500 Horse, in order to joyn them. Two Ships are arriv'd from Buenos Ayres at the Groyne, for the Account of the Company de l' Afſiento.

From the Paris Gazette, dated March 27.

Madrid, March 12. The King ſetting out from hence the 23d of February at one in the Afternoon with the Queen, they went together to Perales a League from hence, where they parted: And the King pursued his Journey in a Caleſh, follow'd by 2 Brigades of Life-Guards, and by ſeveral Officers. The 24th in the Evening he arriv'd at Ocanna; a well peopled Town, the Inhabitants of which receiv'd him with great Illuminations, Acclamations of Joy, and all manner of Demonstrations of Loyalty and Zeal. His Maſteſty was to have taken the Road to Tarancón, to enter Arragon by Teruel, but it appear'd more convenient to go by Daroca: So the Roure was chang'd, and the King having repaſ'd the Tagus at Aranjuez, took up his Lodging at Chinchon, where he was receiv'd with like Acclamations of an infinite Number of People. The 16th he lay at Loches, and all along the Road, he found the Inhabitants of the adjacent Places that came to ſee him paſt, and to wish him all manner of Blessings. The 27th the Queen came to ſee the King, and after they had dinn'd together ſhe return'd to Madrid, and he proceeded to Alcalá. The 28th he ſaw the Body of San Diego, and after he had heard Mass in the Chappel, he ſet out for Guadalaxara, where he arriv'd Time enough in the Evening to take the Di-vergence of Fowling in the Garden of the Palace. The 1ſt of this Month he lay at Torija, the 2d at Algora, the 3d at Alcolea, the 4th at Maranchon, the 5th at Tortuera. The 7th the King arriv'd at Daroca, the firſt Town in Arragon; he was to ly the 8th at Carinnena, the 10th at Belchite, the 11th at Hijar, and the 12th at Caſpe, where the Marshal de Thelle, who was come thither with ſeveral Officers to meet his

his Majesty, had prepar'd all things for his Reception. Before he was out of Castile, the Bishop of Siguenza brought him a considerable Free Gift towards the Charge of the War. The Archbishop of Saragossa has publish'd a Pastoral Letter, address'd to all the Ecclesiasticks and Layicks of his Diocels, in which he Orders publick Prayers to be made for the King and for the happy Succes of his Arms, exhorting at the same Time all his Diocelsans to endeavour to appease the Wrath of God, who for the Punishment of their Sins had permitted the Hereticks to kindle a War in Spain, and to commit so many Sacrileges and Profanations, by which they hop'd to accustom the People to a Contempt of the Catholick Religion, that afterwards they might spread their Heresy. He likewise Orders all Confessors to examine their Penitents touching the Loyalty they owe their lawful Sovereign, to lay before them the indispensable Obligation they are under, of keeping religiously the Oath they have taken to King Philip V; and to refuse Absolution to such as they shall find of a contrary Opinion. We have Advice from the Camp near Valencia, that the Count de las Torres had sent a Detachment to burn and plunder Pedralua, into which the Rebels had put some Troops, which was executed without Resistance. The Report that was spread of the Earl of Peterborough's having march'd out of Valencia is not confirm'd, on the contrary 'tis advis'd he is still there with the Troops he led thither. Yesterday the Duke of Berwick arriv'd in this City, and was receiv'd by Don Gaspar Giron, who by the Queen's Order went out to meet him, and conducted him to the House of the Ambassador of France.

From the Paris Gazette, dated March 20.

Perpignan, March 1. The Sieur de Legal arriv'd here the 16th of last Month at Night, and is preparing to go from hence with the rest of the Troops that are coming hither, to take upon him the Command of the Army in Catalonia. 'Tis advis'd from Toroella de Mongri, near the Mouth of the Ter, where is the Head Quarter, that the Duke de Noailles having Advice the 23d, that a great Number of the Rebels had drawn together at Bagnoles, near the Lake Major, and at Besalu on the upper Part of the Fluvia, resolv'd to march and attack them: Accordingly the 24th at Day-break, he march'd with about 4000 Men, and arriv'd there the 25th. But was inform'd that the Rebels having Intelligence of his march, had retir'd in the Morning with great Expedition; and the Troops he sent in pursuit of them could not overtake them. The Town of Bagnoles submitted, and those of Besalu and Aulot situate near the Head of the Fluvia, sent Deputies to assure the Duke de Noailles of their Loyalty to his Catholick Majesty. The 26th he began his march back to Toroella, and pass'd near Pont-Major on the Ter, half a League below Girone. He found there 5 or 6000 Rebels, with the greatest Part of the Garrison of Girone, who had drawn together there, thinking he had a Design to make himself Master of that Passage: But he having nothing of what was necessary for making a Lodgment there, offer'd at no more than to dislodge them from a Village situate on his side of the Bridge. He caus'd them to be charg'd by his Grenadiers and some Fusileers supported by the Horse, who attack'd them with so great Vigour, that they made themselves Masters of the Village, and would have pursued the Enemy to the Gates of Girone: But wanting Provisions, he judg'd it best to proceed on his march. The Enemy follow'd him to no purpose to the Plain of Madinija, Skirmishing with the Rearguard, where the Duke himself kept all the while. An Amnesty has been publish'd in all the Places posses'd by the King's Troops; which has had so good an Effect, that all the Country between Girone and the Sea quite to Palamos, and San Felice de Quixols, are return'd to their Obedience to their lawful Sovereign.

From the Paris Gazette, dated March 27.

Perpignan, March 12. A few Days ago, some of the Rebels had form'd a Design to surprize the Head-Quarter at Toroella de Mongri, near the Mouth of

the Ter, but being discover'd by others of them that return'd to Obedience, 4 Priests and a Gentleman were siez'd and sent Prisoners hither. The rest made their Escape to the Town of Gualta on the other side of the Ter, and siez'd the Castle. The Sieur de Legal who arriv'd at that Juncture of Time to take up on him the Command of the Army, being told of it, sent some Troops thither, who forc'd and plunder'd the Town, and burnt the Castle, in which almost all the Rebels perish'd. That done, Part of the Army pass'd the Ter without any Opposition, and Men are set to Work to lay a Bridge over that River. Troops arrive continually, and Mules to carry Provisions and draw the Artillery. The 8th the Paymaster of the Army went from hence, with several Officers. Yesterday 450 Mules loaded with Provisions were sent from hence under the Guard of the 3d Squadron of the Regiment of la Fare, and of some Militia of this Country. Last Night the Sieur de Lapara arriv'd here, and to Morrow will go to embark at Collioure, to joyn the Army.

From the Antwerp Courant, dated March 30.

Paris, March 26. They write from the Camp at Alcanniz the 12th Instant, that the King of Spain was arriv'd at Caspe, and that the Army was to rendezvous the 16th at Candasnos, and pass the Segra the 17th over Boat-bridges. That the said Army consisted of 20 Battallions and 16 Squadrons besides Militia and Miquelets. The Enemy in number 5 or 6000 had posted themselves on the other side of the said River, and seem'd resolv'd to defend the Passage. The 24th in the Evening the Chevalier Momin arriv'd at Court, who left the Camp at Caspe the 16th, and reports that the King of Spain's Army would certainly attempt to pass the Segra the 18th.

London, March 26.

These are not half the Advices relating to the Affairs of Spain, that came by these Mails from Holland. We shall continue to give them all at large in the succeeding Courants.

There are Letters from good Hands at the Hague which advise, that two English Men of War which sail'd from Leghorne the 17th of February, with 50000 Crowns on Board, for the use of the Confederate Army in Catalonia, are safely arriv'd at Tarragona.

For the Benefit of Mrs. Croft.

At the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this present Tuesday, being the 26th of March, will be presented a Play, call'd, *Secret Love*, or, *The Maiden Queen*. The part of Florimel to be perform'd by her. With several Entertainments of Singing by Mr. Leveridge, Mr. Ramondon, the Boy and her, particularly a Dialogue compos'd by the late Mr. Henry Purcel, beginning Fair Iris, &c. and Dancing by Monsieur du Ruel, Mrs. du Ruel, and others.

At the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this present Tuesday, being the 26th of March, will be presented an Opera, call'd, *The British Enchanters*, or, *No Magick like Love*. Boxes 6 s. Pit 3 s. first Gallery 2 s.

These Plays are Sold by J. Knapton at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and B. Lintott Next Nando's Coffee-House, Temple-Bar.

An Entertainment by Mr. C LINCH of BARNET, who imitates the Flute, Double Curtell, the Organ with 3 Voices, the Horn, Huntsman and Pack of Hounds, the Sham Doctor, the Old Woman, the Drunken Man, the Bells: All Instruments are perform'd by his natural Voice. To be seen this present Evening, at 7 a Clock at the Rose Tavern in the Poultry. Price 1 s.

Lately come from Barbadoes a quantity of Rich Sythern-Water, with Flowers in it, which is to be dispos'd of at Reasonable Rates, at the Royal Bed in great Suffolk-street near Charing-Cross.

A Person who has for near 15 Years past taught Writing and Accompts, is desirous of being employ'd in some Country Town well inhabited, (distant not above 10 or 12 Miles from London,) where he may have the teaching of some Boarding School of Note, for young Gentlemen; he can be recommended by some of the best Masters in London: Enquire of Mr. Harvey a Stationer in the Temple.

In Exeter-Change in the Strand, for 6 d. 4 d. and 2 d. a piece is to be seen the present Court of England in Wax, after and as big as the Life, much exceeding what was ever of the kind, being perform'd by the best Artist in Europe, to be seen as well on Holidays as at all other times tho' the Change be shut, only then you must go in at that end towards Charing-Cross. There is likewise to be seen with the Court a great Curiosity, viz. A Clock in the External Species much like the long Pendulums now in use, but in its Internal parts perfectly different, the Motion of both Hands, Hour, and Minute; as likewise the striking being in this regulated without the vibrations of either Pendulum or Balance, or the assistance of any Fly, Sale, or other regular gradation whatsoever, but the Exhalations of a lighted Candle only; the Flame being no way hid, but continues as much expos'd and of the same use as if plac'd in a Candlestick. Which was never perform'd before.